



PUBLIC LAW CENTRE EDUCATION PROGRAMME FOR DECISION MAKERS AND PLANNERS

INTRODUCTION

Definitions

“Education is the sum total of processes involved in reforming the mind for the purposes of living and coping with the exigencies of life”

Andre John-Salakov in POLICY SCIENCE, A Science of Explanation (1992)

KNOWLEDGE and other forms of attainments that we sometimes acquire through books and other forms of communication are no more than an *aide memoir*- a memory pad, and we can lose it on the occasion of an accident or injury. What the human situation desires and or deserves is pure or original, undiluted or uncontaminated knowledge, that we sometimes call Intelligence. That is a gift from Nature.

Knowledge through education is transient, but intelligence is a permanent feature of our being. It was an abundance of intelligence that made it possible for our forefathers to blaze the trail of civilization in their time and era.

It's no use placing too much credence on the usefulness of education. Without the raw intelligence embedded in our psyche, education is a disposable attribute. I came from a generation of self-learners. Most of the profound thinkers who have passed through this Universe, all those philosophers of ancient times, the likes of Aristotle, Plato, Hegel, Kant, our own Bertrand Russell, John Wilkes the Pamphleteer, Thomas Paine, Dr. Sakharov, and many, many others, were all self-learners. Chinese medicine, African herbal medicine, Buddhism, atomic theory or Physics, physiotherapy, Physics, and my own Social psychiatry, and Policy Science, are all products of self-learning. We did not learn those things from books or by attending a Seminar in a Lecture Theater.

In December 1990, I discovered a new area of knowledge which I designated “Policy Science™” or the 7th Branch of Social Sciences. ***Policy Science*** means, The methods of formulating, interpreting, and implementing policies under various bureaucratic procedures. The registration of Policy Science with the Department of Education and Science took place on December 14 1990. On the same day, the Discovery was registered with the Economic and Social Science Research Council, based in Swindon, at the time.

Public Attorney is an attorney. An attorney is a person who is empowered to act for another. Therefore, a Public Attorney is a person or a firm of persons also empowered

either by the public generally or by any other person to act in the best interests of the person who grants the power or in the best interests of everybody in the society regardless of means.

COURSE CONTENTS

B.Policy Sc. (Law)

COURSE 1 Jurisprudence/Public/ Private International Law/Human Rights Law/Judicial/ Police and Judicial Methods. Distinguishing between Judicial and Legal Proceedings. Law and Order throughout the European community. Comparative study of the law courts. The tribunals of law and facts. Principles of civil and criminal codes. The theories of law and national political manifestos. The application of the rules of Policy Science to civil and criminal judgments. Acquisition of immovable property and trusts. Contracts and conflict of laws. Personal bankruptcy, business failure and libel. The theories of policing. Civil and criminal investigations, arrest, statements, representation, defences, advocacy, trial, reward and, punishment.

B.Policy Sc. (Finance)

COURSE 2 Financial Management, Family security, Housing and Social counseling Basic accountancy and general audit. Comparative study of personal finance and banking procedures. Inland Revenue and Custom and Excise practices and procedures. Trusts, home ownership financing and housing law throughout the Member States of the European community. The family in Europe. The application of the rules of Policy Science to problem solving and Social psychiatry.

B.Policy Sc. (Government)

COURSE 3 International organizations, Rights and duties, Political Parties and Civil service procedures Diplomatic practice and procedures. Unaccredited representatives and their work. Analyses of Authority and control. The theories of the Establishment. National government's interpretation of international conventions and other directives. The theories of law. Clerical and administrative functions inside international secretariats. PR functions. The application of the rules of Policy Science to party-political manifestos and civil service procedures.

B.Policy Sc. (Hospital Administration)

COURSE 4 Medical Treatment and Negligence The study and analysis of the Health Service. Hospital management. Family health services. Community Health Councils. Medical Defence Unions and Complaints Management. Psychopathology. The EEG in Psychiatry. Organic psychiatry. Psychosomatic medicine. Affective disorders. Schizophrenia. Alcoholism and drug addiction. Social psychiatry. Child psychiatry. Paget's Disease of bone and bone metabolism. Mental deficiency. The application of the rules of Policy Science to legal psychiatry and the law of Medical Negligence.

B.Policy Sc. (Town Planning)

COURSE 5 Town and Country Planning Basic architecture, Draughtsmanship and Quantity Surveying. The historical background to public health. Housing and town and country planning 1848 to 1991. General principles of the law of property. The functions of the Department of the Environment. Default powers of the Secretary of State. Planning authorities and other statutory organizations. Lands tribunal. Different types of plans. Public participation in Town and Country planning. Development control. Planning permission. Caravan sites and travellers. Compensation law. Enforcement procedures. Disposal of land for planning purposes. Amenities. Listed buildings and conservation. Urban development. Enterprise zones and hazardous substances. The application of the rules of Policy Science to Duty and Care Agreement and to Design and Build Agreement.

The Regulations

The programmes aforementioned are intended to provide individuals with the tools needed in order to participate in the arena of decision making at all levels of what is commonly known as bureaucracy or administration. Each of the five programmes of study is self-contained within a vocation or profession. These programmes are not available to individuals who have not celebrated their 23rd birthday. An award of Bachelor's Degree in any of the five areas of study requires 2 years of study in an academic or institutional environment plus 1 year of work experience in a work / office environment, gaining practical experience. A candidate must be 23 years of age at the point of entry.

In order to qualify for an award of Bachelor of Policy Science B.PolScience degree in any chosen programme, candidates will be required to sit an exam in November of the

3rd year. They will be required to select 5 topics from their chosen course of study. The Rules of Policy Science a.k.a. Synectics Lateral Rule of Reflex Response (as a topic) is compulsory. In addition, all candidates for a Bachelor's degree will be required to sit an exam in one topic from Programme 1 (Law) because of the presence of Law in almost every aspect of human interactions. The highest point to aim for is 60% (10 points being the highest point to aim for in respect of each topic)

During the month of November of the third year, students will be required to sit their final exams. The examination papers will be set by the Society of Public Attorney being the authorising / licensing / regulatory authority for the purposes of issuing Certificate of Entitlement to set up a Practice as a Public Attorney (specializing in Legal Services, Hospital Administration, Family Security, Town and Country Planning or as the case may be).

The Degrees of Master of Policy Science and Doctorate of Policy Science would be by research and dissertation.

A Certificate of Entitlement to set up a practice as a Public Attorney, would only be issued by the Society of Public Attorney to holders of one of the five degrees below mentioned, in accordance with these Regulations

The Society of Public Attorney would work closely with Third-level institutions and other Members of the Liberal Professions or Societies in different parts of the world as regards issues pertinent to validation of the aforementioned programmes.

The following titles would apply to those who successfully complete a named Course and who are subsequently issued with a Certificate of Entitlement to set up a Practice as Public Attorney -

The award

Bachelor of Policy Science B.PolScience (Law)

Bachelor of .Policy Science B.PolScience (Finance & Family Security)

Bachelor of Policy Science B.PolScience (Government)

Bachelor of Policy Science B.PolScience (Medical and Social Psychiatry)

Bachelor of Policy Science B.PolScience (Town & Country)

Enrolment and fees

Details are available on request. Please write in or send email for an Application Form

DEGREES AND ALTERNATIVE TITLES

1. Course 1 – Public Attorney
2. Course 2 – Family Security Administrator
3. Course 3 – Projects Development Administrator
4. Course 4 – Public Hospital Administrator
5. Course 5 – Public Planning Administrator

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